

1310 / 1550 nm Polarization Maintaining Optical Circulator

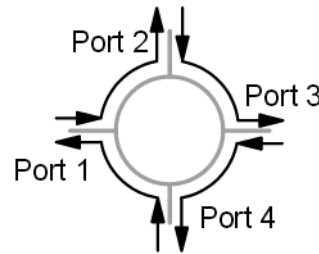


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The OC Series 1310/1550 PM Optical Circulator is a non-reciprocal device that maintains polarization while redirecting light at 1310 or 1550 nm from port-to-port in only one direction while minimizing back reflection and back scattering in the reverse direction. Employing Agiltron's advanced micro optics design, it features low insertion loss, high extinction ratio, high isolation, compact package, and high stability. The excellent characteristics of this product make it an ideal choice for application in fiber amplifier systems, pump lasers, and optical fiber sensors.



Features

- Low Insertion Loss
- High Extinction Ratio
- High Channel Isolation
- Compact Package
- High Reliability & Stability
- Cost Effective

Applications

- Optical Fiber Amplifier
- Metropolitan Area Network
- Fiber Optic Sensor
- Dispersion Compensation
- Test and Measurement
- Instrumentation

Specifications

Parameter	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Operation Wavelength	1310±15, C-Band or L-Band			nm
Insertion Loss ¹ @λop, Top, SOP (1→2, 2→3)			0.8	dB
Channel Isolation ² (2→1, 3→2)	38	45		dB
Wavelength Dependent Loss		0.15		dB
Extinction Ratio	18	22		dB
Directivity (1→3)		>50		dB
Return Loss ¹		>50		dB
Polarization Alignment	Both slow and fast axis			
Optical Power Handling	Maximum: 500			mW
Tensile Load	Maximum: 5			N
Operating Temperature Range	0 ~ 70			°C
Storage Temperature	-40 ~ 85			°C
Fiber Type	Panda PM 1550			
Fiber Length	> 1			m
Package Dimension	∅5.5 x 34(L)			mm

Note:

1. Excluding connectors
2. @λop, Top, SOP
3. Fast axis alignment available

Note: For a polarized input light version, the isolation is optimized to block the light reflection of the same polarization. Although lights of other polarizations may also be blocked, the extinction may be poor. PM isolators can be specially made to block backward propagating lights of all polarizations. PM isolators can also be made with a light polarizing function.

Warning: This is an OEM module designed for system integration. Do not touch the PCB by hand. The electrical static can kill the chips even without a power plug-in. Unpleasant electrical shock may also be felt. For laboratory use, please buy a Turnkey system.

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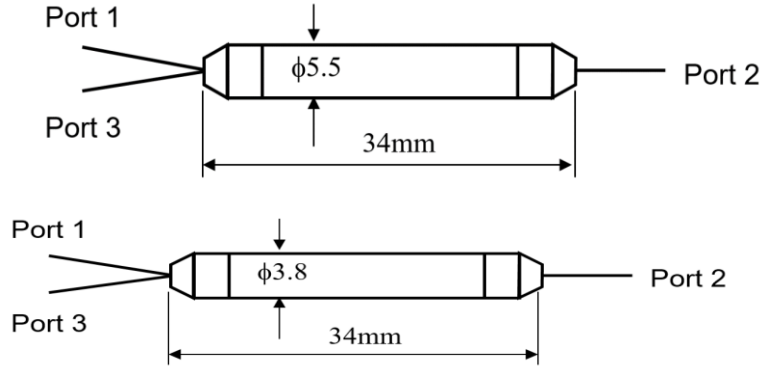
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Mechanical Dimensions (mm)



*Product dimensions may change without notice. This is sometimes required for non-standard specifications.

Ordering Information (Part Number)

Prefix	Type	Wavelength	Grade	Package	Fiber Type	Fiber Cover	Fiber Length	Connector ^[1]
OCPM-	3 Port = 30 Special = 00	1310 = 3 1550 = 5 C band = C L Band = L C+L = 2 Special = 0	Standard = 1 Special = 0	5.5 x 34-39 mm = 2 3.8 x 34 mm = M Special = 0	PM1550 = B PM980 = D Panda 80 = C Special = 0	Bare fiber = 1 250um = 4 900um loose tube = 3 Special=0	0.25m = 1 0.5m = 2 1.0 m = 3 Special = 0	None = 1 FC/PC = 2 FC/APC = 3 SC/PC = 4 SC/APC = 5 ST/PC = 6 LC/PC = 7 LC/APC = A LC/UPC = U Special = 0

Note:

- PM1550** fiber works well for **1310nm**

[1]. The connector cannot be installed directly onto bare fiber, as it is prone to damage during shipping. However, the connector can be assembled on bare fiber if a 3 cm protective loose tube is added for reinforcement. The customer can remove this protective tube after

Application Notes

power handling of a standard connector is less than 0.5 W for SM28 fiber and decreases further with smaller core fibers.

Fiber Core Alignment

Note that the minimum attenuation for these devices depends on excellent core-to-core alignment when the connectors are mated. This is crucial for shorter wavelengths with smaller fiber core diameters that can increase the loss of many decibels above the specification if they are not perfectly aligned. Different vendors' connectors may not mate well with each other, especially for angled APC.

Fiber Cleanliness

Fibers with smaller core diameters (<5 μm) must be kept extremely clean, contamination at fiber-fiber interfaces, combined with the high optical power density, can lead to significant optical damage. This type of damage usually requires re-polishing or replacement of the connector.

Maximum Optical Input Power

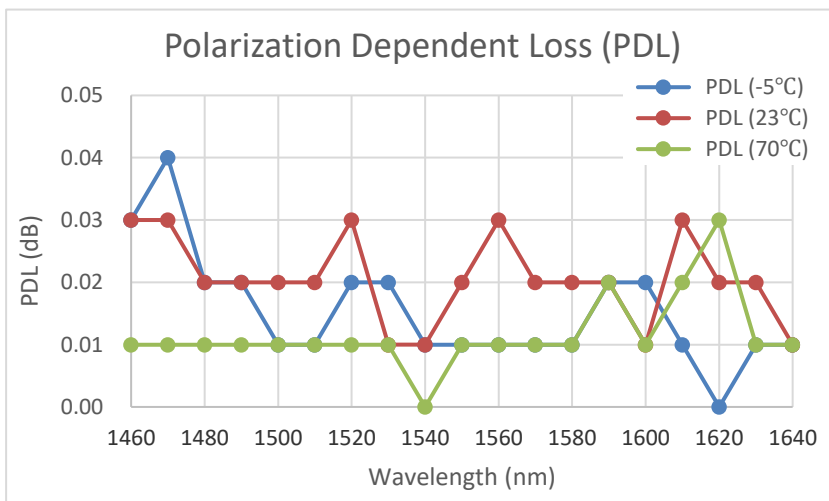
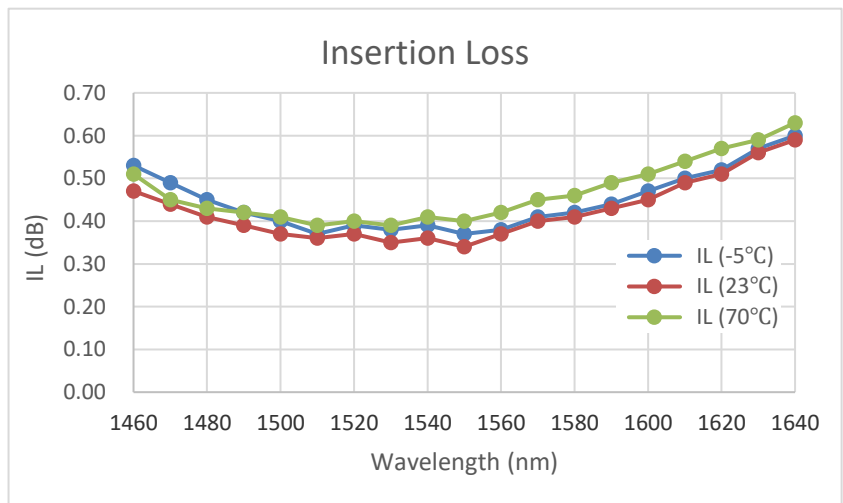
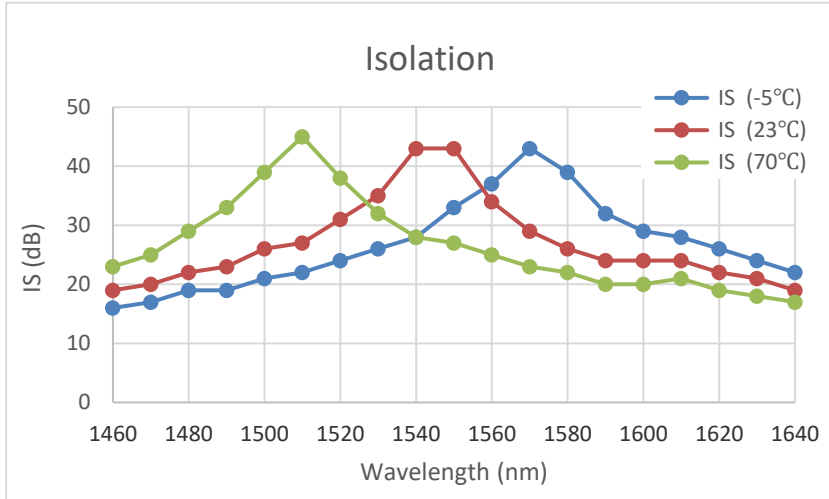
Due to their small fiber core diameters for short wavelength and high photon energies, the damage thresholds for device is substantially reduced than the common 1550nm fiber. To avoid damage to the exposed fiber end faces and internal components, the optical input power should never exceed 20 mW for wavelengths shorter 650nm. We produce a special version to increase the how handling by expanding the core side at the fiber ends.

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Typical Wavelength Dependence for Single Stage



1310 / 1550 nm Polarization Maintaining Optical Circulator



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Typical Wavelength Dependence for Dual Stage

